Purpose:

The purpose of this tool is to assist in identifying gaps and creating awareness of best practices for waste management processes in VL and EID molecular testing laboratories (and associated healthcare facilities), in order to provide a starting point for assistance in waste mitigation strategies.

To Complete the Tool:

This tool is for completion by Site Managers, Safety Managers, Waste Management professionals and/or Environmental **Protection personnel** for making decisions on how the assessed site can develop and implement best practices for their location.

- 1. Fill in a copy of the tool for each testing laboratory or testing facility (for point-of-care and/or near-point-of-care).
- 2. List and fill data for all HIV viral load and EID testing laboratories and associated healthcare facilities in your country, including all PEPFAR-supported and non-PEPFAR-supported sites.
- 3. The tool is divided into the following five sub-sections:
 - HIV VL/EID MOLECULAR TESTING INSTRUMENTS i.
 - ii. HIV VL/EID MOLECULAR TESTING INSTRUMENT WASTE
 - WASTE MANAGEMENT STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES (SOPS), POLICIES & PRACTICES iii.
 - SAFETY PRACTICES iv
 - AVAILABILITY OF WASTE MANAGEMENT OPTIONS ν
- 4. Select **YES**, if the entire question is fulfilled at the site.
- 5. Select **NO**, if none of the question is fulfilled at the site.
- 6. Select PARTIAL, if part of the practices are in place, e.g., if practices are in place but not documented, or if practices are not followed, despite procedures being in place.
- 7. Add notes explaining any responses or additional useful information in the comments section at the end of each question.
- 8. Use the summary section to summarize findings from each of the five sub-sections of this tool.
- 9. Overall summary: recommendations and/or action items

FACILITY INFORMATION

Name of Facility:

Type of Facility (for example - regional referral hospital, health center, laboratory, ART clinic):

Facility Address:

Assessor (Name of person(s*) filling out checklist): _____ Date: _____ Date: _____

*Attach separate sheet if necessary

1.	HIV MOLECULAR TESTING INSTRUMENTS	RESPONSE	COMMENTS
1	What conventional high-throughput HIV VL and EID testing platforms are used at this facility, if any? (check all boxes that apply)	 Abbott m2000SP/RT Roche CAP/CTM 48/96 Roche 4800 Roche 6800/8800 Biomerieux NucliSENS Hologic Panther Aptima Others, specify 	
2	What point-of-care, or near-point-of-care HIV/EID molecular testing instruments are used at this facility, if any? (check all boxes that apply)	Cepheid GeneXpert Abbott m-Pima RDW Samba I or II Others, specify	
3	Where are the point-of-care, or near-point-of-care- VL or EID testing instrument(s) located? At a laboratory, or healthcare testing facility/clinic, for example.		
4	What is the volume of testing on each platform, or instrument, per <u>month</u> at each of the testing facilities? (From this information we can estimate the amount of liquid and solid waste generated by each testing platform and laboratory on a monthly and annual basis.)		
5	Are there obsolete testing platforms or instrumentation located at the testing facilities? If so, how many and what type of instruments? Is there a procedure in place for the decontamination, removal and disposal of such instruments?		
SEC	FION 1 SUMMARY:		

rom
te
How are autoclaved waste materials
being disposed? (check all boxes that
apply)
landfill/burial pit encapsulation
others, specify
what Please list other HIV VL/EID disposal on. 1.)
ility: 2.) used 3.)
Please list other disposal methods that are used for TB GeneXpert solid waste: 1.) 2.) 3.)
are used for TB GeneXp 1.) 2.)

0	How is liquid ////EID wasto surrontly dispassed in	YES	PARTIAL	NO	CONADATAITS
9	How is liquid VL/EID waste currently disposed in	YES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
	laboratories using conventional viral load/EID testing platforms?				
	a. Transportation for disposal off-site?				
	i. Off-site incineration?				
	ii. Off-site autoclaving?				
	iii. Off-site open burning?				
	iv. Off-site landfill?				
	v. Off-site encapsulation?				
	b. On-site open incineration?				
	c. On-site autoclaving?				
	d. On-site open burning?				
	e. Poured down a sink?				
	f. Is chemical waste treated using a				
	dilution process before joining general				
	waste?				
	e. Other HIV VL/EID disposal methods are				
	used: If you answer "yes," please indicate				
	what these methods are in the comments				
	section.				
10	If autoclaves are used during waste disposal, are	YES	PARTIAL	NO	
	they:				
	a. Maintained under service contracts?				
	b. Regularly serviced and are the service				
	records available?				
	c. Is preventative maintenance performed				
	and documentation for this available?				
	d. Under service contracts?				
	e. Operated by trained staff?				
	f. Operated by staff trained in proper				
	biosafety procedures?				
11	Are incinerators:	YES	PARTIAL	NO	
	a. Maintained under service contracts?				
		+			
	b. Regularly serviced and are the service				
	b. Regularly serviced and are the service records available?				
	records available? c. Is preventative maintenance performed				
	records available? c. Is preventative maintenance performed and documentation for this available?				
	records available? c. Is preventative maintenance performed				

	e. Is liquid waste combined from multiple instruments or other waste streams/processes at the testing laboratory/facility? If yes, please indicate which instrument wastes are combined in the comments column.				Instrument wastes from these instruments are combined before disposal:
12	If VL/EID liquid waste is being poured down a sink;	YES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
	a. Is there an SOP that is followed?b. Is the SDS on-site for specific chemical disposal mechanism followed?				-
	c. Are Laboratory sinks equipped with chemical dilution traps?				
	d. Does the run-off from the sink go directly into the sewer system?				
13	Does the waste from the sink accumulate with other waste streams from the same testing facility (e.g. if the laboratory shares waste water systems with a large hospital?)				
14	Is bleach mixed with all potentially infectious liquid				
SECT	waste? ION 2 SUMMARY:				

Р	VASTE MANAGEMENT STANDARD OPERATING ROCEDURES (SOPS), POLICIES & PRACTICES T THE FACILITY LEVEL	YES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
15	Is a National (country) waste management policy, legislation, or a guideline located on site and enforced?				
16	Is a Facility health care waste management policy, legislation or guideline located on site and enforced? If so, is there a dedicated manager or responsible person/agency for health care waste management in the facility - put answer in comments section				
17	Is there an on-site, written SOP for the disposal of infectious waste?				
18	Is there an on-site, written SOP for the disposal of <u>non-infectious waste</u> ?				
19	Is there an on-site, written SOP for the use of an on- site incinerator (where an incinerator exists)?				
20	Is there an on-site, written SOP for the use of an on- site autoclave (where an autoclave exists)?				
21	Is there guidance for the handling and disposal of chemical waste?				
22	Is there an on-site, written SOP used for the chemical disinfection of waste?				
23	Is there an on-site, written SOP used for handling expired viral load/EID instrument reagents and consumables?				
24	Is there an on-site, written SOP used for managing spills of liquid waste?				
25	Is there an on-site, written SOP for handling expired viral load/EID instrument reagents and consumables?				
26	Are records kept at the facility listing the amount of waste collected, treated and/or destroyed at the facility?				
27	Are waste management documents (SOPs, Records, etc.) maintained in an approved Quality Management System (QMS)?				
SECTI	ON 3 SUMMARY:				

4. SA	AFETY PRACTICES	YES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
28	Have all personnel performing HIV molecular testing at the				
	facilities received training on managing healthcare-associated and				
	chemical wastes?				
29	If so, did this training include:			1	-
	a. Types of healthcare-associated waste and how to properly				
	identify and segregate waste for treatment and/or final disposal?				
	b. Hazards associated with Healthcare-associated waste?				-
	c. What is infectious and non-infectious waste?				-
	d. The segregation of infectious and non-infectious waste?				-
	e. How and where different waste types are collected and stored at the facility?				
	f. Disposal of infectious solid waste and sharps				
	g. Chemical waste disposal procedures?				
	i. What is considered chemical waste?				
	ii. Compatibility of different chemical waste streams generated at the site?				
	iii. Handling and disposing of solid waste versus liquid waste?				
	h. Appropriate waste containers for collection and storage of waste?				
	 Labeling of waste containers to list the contents of the waste? 				
	j. Ensuring waste containers are leak-proof and kept closed?				
	k. Location and use of chemical and biological spill kits?				
	I. Location of Chemical Hygiene Plan ¹ and laboratory waste guidance?				
	m. Is the above safety training provided and documented for each employee?				
30	Are laboratory and janitorial staff (that may collect healthcare- associated and chemical waste from the facilities) also trained in the use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for handling waste?				
31	Has a documented risk assessment been performed for personnel that may generate or handle VL/EID waste regarding hazards, handling, storage and/or PPE requirements?				
32	Is potentially biohazardous/infectious waste separated from non- infectious waste in laboratories/testing facilities (at the point of generation)?				
33	Are liquid waste and solid waste segregated for separate waste stream disposal in laboratories/testing facilities?				
34	Is liquid VL/EID waste stored and collected in labeled puncture- proof, sealed leak proof containers?				

35	Are liquid VL/EID waste containers kept in a secondary container to	YES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
	prevent leakage due to primary container damage or accidental overfilling?				
36	Is solid VL/EID waste collected and stored in appropriate and labeled containers?				
37	Are waste containers labeled correctly to facilitate appropriate waste segregation?				
38	Does the facility/lab follow a color-coded waste container to classify waste according to national policy, if any? If yes, what color coding is in use? For example: black= non-infectious waste, yellow= infectious medical waste, red= highly infectious waste and brown= chemical waste. Enter response in comments				
39	Are areas where liquid and solid waste is generated and stored:				
	a. Organized to handle both chemical and biological waste?				
	b. Non-porous and durable for disinfection practices in case of a spill?				
	c. Access-controlled?				
40	Is there a system/ process in place for reporting incident and accidents including documentation?				
41	Is there a biological spill kit and associated SOP in use?				
42	Is there a chemical spill kit and associated SOP in use?				
	Is there a Chemical Hygiene Plan ¹ in place at the facility?				

E A	VAILABILITY OF WASTE MANAGEMENT OPTIONS	YES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
5. A	Are there any licensed waste management companies	TES	PARTIAL	NO	COMMENTS
44	currently operating in your country?				
45					
45	Are there any licensed waste management companies				
	outside of your country that are currently contracted to				
	transport and dispose of waste, either within your				
46	country or outside of your country?				
46	Are there managed landfill sites in proximity to the				
	facility/sites? If so, are the landfill sites owned and				
	operated by the government or private businesses?				
47	Are there medical waste incinerators located in				
	country?				
	a. Do you have access to a medical waste				
	incinerator? If yes;				
	b. Is it equipped with a primary chamber?				
	c. Is it equipped with a secondary chamber?				
	d. Do the primary and secondary chambers reach				
	required operational temperatures?				
	e. Is the incinerator outfitted with a scrubber				
	system to filter gases before exhausting to the				
	environment?				
	f. Are incinerator gas emissions monitored and				
	tested as part of maintenance and certification				
	to ensure compliance with environmental				
	safety regulations?				
40					
48	Are there any in-country partners that can help with				
	waste management or that may be already focusing				
	efforts on addressing country needs?				
SECTI	ON 5 SUMMARY:				

ACTION ITEMS (If applicable)

KEY FOLLOW UP ACTION	RESPONSIBLE PERSON/ENTITY	SUGGESTED TIMELINE

¹ A Chemical Hygiene Plan is a written document stating the policies, procedures and responsibilities that protect workers from the health hazards associated with the hazardous chemicals used in that particular workplace (i.e., laboratory or facility)